1 2 3	William D. Marler, WSBA #17233 Ilana P. Korchia, WSBA #60180 Marler Clark, Inc., P.S. The Food Safety Law Firm 1012 First Avenue, 5 <sup>th</sup> Floor Seattle, WA 98104  E-FILED 08-17-2023, 12:42 Scott G. Weber, Clerk Clark County
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5 6 7	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK
8	MICHAEL WILLIAMS and RENEE ) NO. 23-2-02077-06 SANDERS,
9	Plaintiffs, )
10	v. ) COMPLAINT FOR PERSONAL INJURY AND DAMAGES
11	PAPA MURPHY'S COMPANY STORES, ) INC., a Washington for-profit corporation, )
13	Defendant. )
14	COME NOW the plaintiffs, MICHAEL WILLIAMS and RENEE SANDERS, by and
15	through their attorneys of record, William D. Marler, Esq., and Ilana P. Korchia, Esq., of Marler
16   17	Clark, Inc., PS, and allege as follows:
	I. PARTIES AND JURISDICTION
18	1.1 The plaintiffs, Michael Williams and Renee Sanders ("Plaintiffs"), reside in
19	Vancouver, Clark County, Washington.
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<b>∠1</b>	COMPLAINT FOR PERSONAL INJURY AND DAMAGES - 1  MARLER CLARK, INC., P.S.  1012 First Avenue, Fifth Floor Seattle, Washington 98104-1008  Tel. (206) 346-1888 Fax. (206) 346-1898

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- 1.2 The defendant, Papa Murphy's Company Stores, Inc. ("Defendant" or "the Defendant"), is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Washington with its principal place of business located at 8000 NE Parkway Drive, Suite 100, Vancouver, WA 98662-6738. At all material times, Defendant owned and operated the restaurant known as "Papa Murphy's Take 'N' Bake Pizza" (hereinafter "Papa Murphy's") located at 2500 S Santiam Hwy Suite B, Lebanon, OR 97355.
- 1.3 This court has jurisdiction, and venue is proper, because Defendant Papa Murphy's principal place of business is located in Vancouver, Clark County, Washington, and therefore Defendant is "at home" in the State of Washington.

#### II. FACTS

#### The 2023 Salmonella Enteritidis Outbreak:

- 2.1 The FDA and CDC, in collaboration with state and local health departments, investigated an outbreak of *Salmonella* Enteritidis infections linked to Chocolate Chip Cookie and S'mores Bars dough sold at Papa Murphy's franchises and purchased before May 23, 2023.
- 2.2 A total of 26 people infected with the outbreak strain of *Salmonella* were reported from six states: California (2), Idaho (5), Missouri (1), Oregon (8), Utah (4), and Washington (6). Illnesses started on dates ranging from February 24, 2023, to May 28, 2023. Of 23 people with information available, four were hospitalized. No deaths were reported.
- 2.3 According to the CDC, epidemiologic and traceback data showed that Papa Murphy's raw cookie dough made people sick. Of the 22 people interviewed, 17 reported eating food from Papa Murphy's. Fifteen people ate Papa Murphy's raw chocolate chip cookie dough or raw S'mores

bars dough, and one person ate baked cookies made with Papa Murphy's chocolate chip cookie dough.

- 2.4 In response to this investigation, Papa Murphy's notified franchise owners nationwide and stopped selling all Chocolate Chip Cookie dough and S'mores Bars dough at all stores. As of July 13, 2023, Papa Murphy's has not restarted sales of cookie dough.
- 2.5 Whole genome sequencing (WGS) by the Washington Department of Health (WADOH) revealed that Michael's case (WGS ID: PNUSAS344232; WA Cluster Code: SALM23-013) was highly related to the isolates known to be a part of the Papa Murphy's outbreak. The WADOH also determined that Renee's *Salmonella* illness was a probable link to the Papa Murphy's outbreak.

### The Salmonella bacteria:

- 2.6 Salmonella is an enteric bacterium, which means that it lives in the intestinal tracts of humans and other animals. Salmonella bacteria are usually transmitted to humans by eating foods contaminated with human or animal feces. Contaminated foods usually look and smell normal. Contaminated foods are often of animal origin, but all foods, including vegetables, may become contaminated. An infected food handler who neglects to wash his or her hands with soap and warm water after using the bathroom may also contaminate food.
- 2.7 Once in the lumen of the small intestine, the bacteria penetrate the epithelium, multiply, and enter the blood within 6-72 hours. As few as 15-20 cells of *Salmonella* bacteria can cause salmonellosis or a more serious typhoid-like fever. Variables, such as the health and age of the host and virulence differences among the serotypes, affect the nature and extent of the illness.

Infants, elderly, hospitalized, and immune suppressed persons are the populations that are most susceptible to disease and suffer the most severe symptoms.

- 2.8 The acute symptoms of *Salmonella* gastroenteritis include the sudden onset of nausea, abdominal cramping, and diarrhea lasting several days. The diarrhea often turns bloody. There is no real cure for *Salmonella* infection, except treatment of the symptoms. Persons with severe diarrhea may require rehydration, often with intravenous fluids.
- 2.9 Persons with diarrhea usually recover completely, although it may be several months before bowel habits return entirely to normal. A small number of persons who are infected with *Salmonella* will go on to develop pains in their joints, irritation of the eyes, and painful urination. This development is called reactive arthritis, and it can last for months or years, sometimes leading to chronic arthritis that is difficult to treat. Antibiotic treatment does not make a difference in whether the person later develops arthritis.

### Michael Williams and Renee Sanders's Salmonella Infections:

- 2.10 Sometime in March 2023, Michael Williams visited the Papa Murphy's restaurant in Lebanon, Oregon, with his girlfriend Renee Sanders. Using cash, Michael purchased one pizza and one package of Papa Murphy's Take 'N' Bake raw chocolate chip cookie dough.
- 2.11 That day, Michael and Renee consumed the Papa Murphy's pizza with Renee's mother and sister in Lebanon. Michael and Renee did not open or consume any of the Papa Murphy's cookie dough and chose instead to bring it back to their home in Vancouver, WA. Upon returning home, they placed the cookie dough in their fridge.

2.12 Michael and Renee began consuming the cookie dough approximately two weeks after they purchased it at the Papa Murphy's in Lebanon, OR. They are the dough raw over a period of several days in late March and early April 2023.

- 2.13 Renee began experiencing the onset of her illness on April 10, 2023, a few days after consuming the cookie dough. She developed a fever, chills, nausea and vomiting, and diarrhea that lasted close to a week. As a result, she had to take several days off of work.
- 2.14 Michael experienced the same symptoms as Renee on April 10, 2023, but after a couple days, he could not walk properly and was limping. He attempted to push through work despite his discomfort but soon realized that his symptoms showed no signs of improvement. Consequently, he decided to seek medical attention and visited PeaceHealth Urgent Care located in Vancouver, WA. At Urgent Care, doctors told Michael he probably had an infection and urged him to go to the Emergency Room immediately.
- 2.15 Michael heeded his doctors' orders and went to the Emergency Room at PeaceHealth Southwest Medical Center. After a battery of testing, including blood tests, doctors determined that Michael had a *Salmonella* infection that had likely developed into sepsis; the bacteria had settled into his hip and that is why he was limping and could barely walk.
- 2.16 To date, Michael is still suffering from constant pain from his *Salmonella* infection. His doctors have informed him that he may need a hip replacement and that, if he overworks himself, he will likely end up bedridden.

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### III. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

### STRICT PRODUCT LIABILITY

- 3.1 The defendant is a product manufacturer within the meaning of the Washington Product Liability Act ("WPLA" or "the Act"), RCW 7.72.010(2), and manufactured the food that caused the plaintiffs' *Salmonella* infections and related injuries. The *Salmonella*-contaminated food consumed by the plaintiffs was a product within the meaning of the WPLA, RCW 7.72.010(3).
- 3.2 Under the WPLA, the defendant owed a duty to the plaintiffs to manufacture a product that was reasonably safe in construction, did not materially deviate from applicable design specifications, or otherwise deviate in some material way from otherwise identical units in the defendant's product line.
- 3.3 Under the WPLA, the defendant owed a duty to the plaintiffs to manufacture a product that conformed to its implied warranties, as defined by RCW Ch. 62A, including, but not limited to, the implied warranty that defendant's food was fit for human consumption.
- 3.4 The food manufactured and sold by the defendant that caused plaintiffs' respective *Salmonella* infections, and all associated legal injuries, was not reasonably safe in construction, and did not conform to defendant's implied warranties, because it was contaminated and adulterated with *Salmonella*.
- 3.5 Because the defendant's food was not reasonably safe in construction, and did not conform to defendant's implied warranties, the defendant is strictly liable to the plaintiffs for the harm proximately caused by the contaminated food.

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### IV. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

#### **NEGLIGENCE**

- 4.1 The defendant manufactured, distributed and sold a product that was not reasonably safe as designed or manufactured, within the meaning of the WPLA, RCW 7.72.030(1).
- 4.2 The defendant was negligent in manufacturing, distributing, and selling a product that was not reasonably safe because adequate warnings or instructions were not provided including, but not limited to, the warning that the food may contain *Salmonella*, and thus should not be provided for the purpose of human consumption.
- 4.3 The defendant had a duty to comply with all statutory and regulatory provisions that pertained or applied to the manufacture, distribution, storage, labeling, and sale of its food products including, but not limited to, the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetics Act, which bans the manufacture, sale, and distribution of any "adulterated" food. The defendant breached this duty.
- 4.4 The plaintiffs are among the class of persons designed to be protected by the statutory and regulatory provisions pertaining to the defendant's manufacture, distribution, storage, labeling, and sale of its food.
- 4.5 The defendant owed a duty to the plaintiffs to use reasonable care in the manufacture, distribution, and sale of its product, to prevent contamination by *Salmonella*. The defendant breached this duty.
- 4.6 As a result of the defendant's negligence, the plaintiffs suffered severe and permanent personal injuries, as well as economic loss.

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V. <u>DAMAGES</u>

5.1 The plaintiffs have suffered general, special, incidental, and consequential damages as a direct and proximate result of the acts and omissions of the defendant, which damages shall be fully proven at the time of trial, including, but not limited to: damages for loss of enjoyment of life, both past and future; medical and medical related expenses, both past and future; travel and travel-related expenses, past and future; emotional distress, and future emotional distress; pharmaceutical expenses, past and future; wage and other economic damages loss; loss of consortium; and other ordinary, incidental and consequential damages as would be anticipated to arise under the circumstances.

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, the plaintiffs, having stated their claims in full, request judgment by this court against the defendant as follows:

- 1. For general damages, in amounts to be proven at the time of trial;
- 2. For special damages, in amounts to be proven at the time of trial;
- 3. For costs, including their reasonable attorney fees; and
- 4. For such other and further relief as the court deems just and equitable in the circumstances.

The plaintiffs further request that the court award the plaintiffs the opportunity to amend or modify the provisions of this complaint as necessary or appropriate after additional or further discovery is completed, and after all appropriate parties have been served.

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1	DATED this 17 <sup>th</sup> day of August 2023.
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3	MARLER CLARK, INC., P.S.
4	/s/ William D. Marler
5	William D. Marler, WSBA #17233 Ilana P. Korchia, WSBA #60180
6	1012 First Avenue, 5 <sup>th</sup> Floor Seattle, WA 98104
7	Tel: (206) 346-1888 Fax: (206) 346-1898
8	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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